## MAC 2312 Calculus II, Worksheet #11 (Sec 11.2-11.3)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Name:\_\_\_\_

For problems 1-2, determine whether the following series is convergent of divergent:

Q1) 
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2 - 1}$$

$$Q2) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3 - n}$$

For problems 3-4, express the number as a ratio of integers:

- Q3)  $0.\bar{8}$
- Q4)  $7.\overline{12345}$
- Q5) A sequence of terms is defined by

$$a_1 = 1,$$
  $a_n = (5 - n)a_{n-1}$ 

Calculate 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$$
.

For problems 6-9, using Integral Test to determine whether the series is convergent or divergent:

Q6) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^3}$$

$$Q7) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \ln n}$$

$$Q8) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\ln n)^2}$$

Q9) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 e^{-n^3}$$

Q10) Explain why Integral test cannot be used to determine the convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(\pi n)}{\sqrt{n}}$ .